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THE STATES OF THE ARABIAN PENINSULA

AND THE GULF LITTORAL

A Selected Bibliography

Compiled and Partially Annotated by

John Duke Anthony

The Middle East Institute
Washington, D.C.
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John Duke Anthony

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I. Books, Hearings, Monographs, Pamphlets, Proceedings

Abu Dhabi: Birth of an Oil Sheikhdom, by Clarence Mann. Rev. ed. Beirut: Khayats, 1969. 153 pages. Appends. Index. Maps.

No

A well-written and informative account by a US army officer of Abu Dhabi's history from the 1800s to the mid-1960s. Among the more interesting sections are those on the ruling family, the leading tribes, the controversy over al-Buraymi, the impact of oil wealth on the shaykhdom, and the role of the British; appended material includes a genealogy of the Al Bu Falah ruling family, a chronology of events, the texts of the treaties between Abu Dhabi and Great Britain and useful maps of the shaykhdom, Abu Dhabi Island, the villages of al-Buraymi and boundary proposals for the areas in dispute between Abu Dhabi and Saudi Arabia.

This bibliography covers the following states of the Arabian Peninsula and Gulf littoral: Abu Dhabi, 'Ajman, Bahrayn, Dubay, Fujayra, Iran, Iran, Kuwayt, Oman, the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, Oatar, Ra's al-Khayma, Saudi Arabia, Sharja, Umm al-Qaywayn, the United Arab Amirates and the Yemen Arab Republic. The focus is primarily on material pertinent to the area's governmental systems, political dynamics, international relations and economies. While some of the works listed have been superceded by more recent studies, they remain useful references for insight into the life styles, values and social systems of the Peninsula and Gulf's peoples as well as into the background of contemporary problems and patterns of development.

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The Arabian Peninsula: Society and Politics, ed. by Derek Hopwood. Totowa, Rowman and Littlefield, 1972. 320 pages. Illus. Bibl. DS 202. Als Index.

This volume, which grew out of a conference held in London in 1969, contains much material for anyone in need of a background for understanding contemporary developments in the area. Following a bibliographical survey by the editor, there are six papers on historical topics, three on "Political Developments and International Relations," three on "Society and Culture," and two on "economics"; among the better-known contributors are Abu Hakima, Bathurst, Burrell, Kelly, Penrose, Sayigh, Stoakes and Wilkinson.

Arbitration Concerning Buraimi and the Common Frontier between Abu Dhabi and Saudi Arabia: Memorial Submitted by the Government of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. London: HMSO, 1955.

Taken together, this memorial and the Saudi memorial listed below present a valuable picture of the difficulties that continue to lie in the way of a settlement of outstanding territorial disputes between Saudi Arabia and Abu Dhabi and, to a lesser extent, between these states and Oman. The memorials are detailed and carefully argued analyses of the respective claims set forth by the British and Saudi governments before the aborted arbitration: proceedings of 1955.

Arbitration for the Settlement of the Territorial Dispute between Muscat and Abu Dhabi on One Side and Saudi Arabia on the Other: Memorial of the Government of Saudi Arabia. Vol. I, Text. Cairo: n.p., 1955.

> Area Handbook for Iran, by Harvey H. Smith et al. Foreign Area Studies, American University. Washington, D.C.: USGPO, 1971. xxii + 653 pages. Maps. Tables. Gloss. Bibl. Index.

This handbook and the others listed below contain a mass of detailed information on the countries covered. Sections of interest are the chapters on governmental and social structure, political attitudes and values, national defense and economy. Each volume also contains a wealth of bibliographic and tabular data plus a good collection of maps.

Area Handbook for Iraq. Foreign Area Studies, American University. Washington, D.C.: USCPO, 1971. 361 pages. Maps. Tables. Gloss. Bibl. Index.

Area Handbook for the Peripheral States of the Arabian Peninsula. Foreign Area Studies, American University. Washington, D.C.: USGPO, 1971. xiv + 178 pages. Maps. Tables. Gloss. Bibl. Index.

35241. WS B. Wrider, S. A. in the 19th century (N.Y. St Machins Bress 1966)

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Area Handbook for Saudi Arabia, by Norman C. Walpole et al. Second printing with additions by Richard F. Nyrop et al. Foreign Area Studies, American University. Washington, D.C.: USCPO, 1971. xlviii + 373 pages. Maps. Tables. gross. Bibl. Index.

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Bahrain, Qatar, and the United Arab Emirates: Colonial Past, Present Problems, and Future Prospects, by Muhammad T. Sadik and William P. Snavely. Lexington, Mass.: Lexington Books, 1972. xx11 + 255 pages. Illus. Bibl. Index.

.P4523 This book, the product of extensive field research by two specialists in development problems, is the best single work yet to appear on the nine lower Gulf shaykhdoms since they received their independence in 1971. Interspersed throughout the text are more than 100 charts and tables, many of which are based on official reports that were not hitherto available except in government publications printed for limited distribution.

Bibliography of the Arabian Peninsula, by Eric Macro. Coral Gables, Fla.: University of Miami Press, 1958.

Although lacking in entries for the period since 1958, this bibliography remains the most extensive listing of periodical literature on the peninsula.

The Changing Balance of Power in the Persian Gulf, by Elizabeth Monroe. New York: American Universities Field Staff, Inc., 1972. 69 pages. Appen.

> This small volume includes the findings of two dozen specialists on the Middle East and energy questions who attended a conference in Rome in the summer of 1972 to examine a wide range of problems bearing on the future of the Gulf. The mostly British and American participants analyzed the implications of a number of far-reaching political and socio-economic changes that have occurred in the area in recent years.

Conflict and Tension Among the States of the Persian Gulf, Oman and South Arabia, by Joseph Churba. Foreign Affairs Research Paper No. 15346-P. Documentary Research Study AU-204-71-IPD: Montgomery, Alabama. The Institute for Professional Development, Air University, Maxwell Air Force Base, 1971. 74 pages.

A brief but highly readable survey of the major problems affecting political stability within and among the peripheral states of the

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The Countries and Tribes of the Persian Gulf, by S.M. Miles. 2d ed. 2 vols. in one. London: S.M. Harrison and Sons, 1919 and Frank Cass, 1966. With a new introduction by J.B. Kelly. 580 pages. Illus. Index.

Despite the fact that these volumes first appeared some fifty years ago, they can still be read with profit. Among the sections of particular interest are those dealing with the history of commerce in the Gulf and the rise of the Al Bu Sa'id dynasty of Oman; also of value are the finely etched portraits of some of the mowe remote places in Oman visited by Miles which in the intervening years have changed very little.

Eastern Arabian Frontiers, by J.B. Kelly. New York: Praeger, 1964.
319 pages. Map. Bibl. Notes.

A study in considerable detail of some of the background to the conflicting claims of Saudi Arabia, Abu Dhabi and Oman to the region of al-Buraymi and other areas in the eastern Arabian Peninsula; the author finds little basis for the validity of the various claims advanced to territory in this area over the years by the Saudis.

Economic Development and Regional Cooperation: Kuwait, by Ragaei El Mallakh. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1968. xxi + 265 pages. Illus. Bibl. Index.

An important contribution to the history of Kuwayt's economic development and its role in promoting economic and social change in other Arab states; indispensable background reading for appraising the nature and likely direction of the country's future development policies.

Education and Manpower in the Arabian Gulf, by Robert Anton Mertz.

Washington, D.C.: American Friends of the Middle East, 1972.

xiv + 226 pages. Illus.

A study of the interrelationship between human and economic development in Bahrayn, Qatar, the United Arab Amirates and Oman. Draws heavily on field research supplemented by government statistics.

Feisal, King of Saudi Arabia, by Gerald de Gaury. London: Arthur Barber, 1966 and New York: Praeger, 1967. xiv + 140 pages.

Appen. Illus. Bibl. Index.

A sympathetic portrait of the King of Saudi Arabia by a former British diplomat and soldier; the author offers a considerable amount of personal material on the king, much of it dating back to the formative years of Faysal's preparation for the roles he has played both before and since his accession to the throne in 1964.

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Gazetteer of the Persian Gulf, Oman and Central Arabia, by J.G.
Lorimer. 6 vols. Calcutta: India Office, 1915 and Farnborough,
Eng.: Gregg International, 1970.

Although compiled primarily from data gathered by British officials during the early years of the present century and before, these volumes constitute a compendia of information that is still valuable for its insights into the background of the geography, economies, tribes, leading families and much other phenomena in the areas and societies described.

The Great Powers, the Indian Ocean, and the Gulf, by John D. Anthony, Ishwer Ojha and John Steeves. Middle East Institute Panel Resume Series No. 4, Washington, D.C.: The Middle East Institute, 1972. 21 pages. [mimeographed].

The geo-strategic aspects and increasing international significance of the Gulf, the Indian Ocean area and the Indian subcontinent are dealt with in essays on: "The Lower Gulf States: New Roles in Regional Affairs" (Anthony); "The Role of China" (Ohja); and "South Asia Today: An Area Caught in Great Power Rivalry" (Steeves).

The Gulf: Implications of British Withdrawal. Special Report Series,
No. 8. Washington, D.C.: The Center for Strategic and International Studies, Georgetown University, 1969. 110 pages.

This compact study is the outgrowth of a conference of British and American specialists who met in Washington in 1968. It is concerned primarily with assessing the short and long run prospects for stability in the Gulf as a result of the 1968 announcement by the British government of its intention to withdraw from the Gulf by 1971. Although many changes have taken place since that date and some of the participants' more ominous assessments of the prospects for future stability in the area seem in retrospect to have been unfounded, the work remains of value to the non-specialist seeking an understanding of present day problems bearing on Western interests in the area; of further significance, it also typifies fairly accurately the concerns of those who perceive a "power vacuum" in the Gulf area.

Farewell to Arabia, by David Holden. New York: Walker, 1966.

This book, written in the elegant personal style of a gifted and perceptive British journalist, would make a welcome addition to the library shelf of any student of the Arabian Peninsula. Perhaps its most significant contribution lies in its vivid rendering of local color in the author's thoughtful and provocative account of people and politics in the peninsula at a decisive turning point in its history and development. Based largely on first hand observation of events during the mid-1960s and interviews with many of the key personalities in the area.

Iran: Economic Development Under Dualistic Conditions, by Jahangir Amuzegar and Muhammad Ali Fekrat. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1971. xiii + 177 pages. Illus. Bibl. refs.

The most recent account, written by two Iranian scholars, of the conditions under which economic growth has occurred in Iran over the past two decades; appended and tabular data supplement a well-written text which focuses primarily on the petroleum industry and the more traditional sectors of the country's economy.

Iran, the Arabian Peninsula, and the Indian Ocean, by R.M. Burrell and Alvin Cottrell. Strategy Papers, No. 14. New York: National Stragegy Information Center, 1972. vi + 46 pages. Bibl. revs.

A brief essay by two scholars, one British and the other American, who have published widely on various geo-strategic problems confronting the areas covered. Chapters include: "The Persian Gulf and Its Oil Revenues," "Iranian Policy Objectives," "The Arabian Shore: Problems of Stability," and "The US, Russia, and the Role of Naval Power in the Indian Ocean."

Iran Faces the Seventies. Ed. by Ehsan Yar-Shater. New York: Praeger, 1971. xx + 391 pages. Bibl. Index.

A collection of fifteen papers, most of them of high quality, on was aspects of Iranian society and development. There is enough of interesting and illustrative detail as well as stimulating approach to make these essays rewarding reading for generalists and specialists alike; the outgrowth of a 1968 conference on Iran held at Columbia University and featuring presentations by Lambton, Zonis, Hurewitz, Baldwin, Amuzegar, Spooner et al.

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Kuwait: Prospect and Reality, by Zahra Freeth and Victor Winstone. New York: Crane, Russak and Co., 1972. 229 pages. Illus. Bibl.

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An industrial writer and the daughter of the late Col. H.R.P. Dickson, renowned former advisor to the Kuwayti government, have joined forces to write an informative and entertaining volume on the development of this richest of the Arab Gulf states. The main value of the book lies in the sections on Kuwayti history prior to the discovery of oi. and in the chapters on "Politics and Economics" and "Looking to the Future" which provide insight into the role of oil in fostering change within Kuwayti society and in the orientation of the country's foreign and defense policies. To see Landge od the tape of the most

The Legal Status of the Arabian Gulf States: A Study of Their Treaty Relations and Their International Problems, by Husain M. Albarhana. Manchester, Eng.: Manchester University Press, 1968. xv + 351 pages. Maps. Bibl. Appen. The same and the s

Based on his doctoral dissertation at the University of Cambridge, this book by an official of the Bahrayn government is a valuable contribution to the increasing number of serious works on the Gulf. In addition to sections detailing British treaty relations with and the international status of the Arab Gulf states, there is much information on the political histories of these states, their constitutional structure, and their territorial claims and boundary problems; of added value are the numerous appendices which include the texts of various treaties and agreements and five maps.

Middle East Focus: The Persian Gulf. Proceedings of the Twentieth Annual Near East Conference. Ed. by T. Cuyler Young. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Conference, 1969. ii + 220 pages. Illus.

A collection of papers read at a Princeton University symposium on the Gulf in October 1968. The volume gives sufficient attention to historical, cultural, economic and social aspects to make it a well-balanced and interesting introduction to the area. Among the contributors are Badeau, Kelly, Landen, Liebesny, El Mallakh, Rentz, Smolansky, Verrier and Young. The many both last log instrogal

Modern Yemen, 1918-1966, by Manfred Wenner. Baltimore, Md.: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1967. 231 pages. Appen. Bibl. Index. DS 247 . 44 8 W 38

Although published in 1967, this book remains the best scholarly account of the history of the Yemen in this century. The position and role of the Imamate, the opening of the country to foreign influences and the founding and first years of the republic in 1962 are treated in considerable detail; an extensive bibliography including works in half a dozen languages is a particularly valuable feature of this well-researched volume.

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Oman. Musqat: Department of Information, 1972. vii + 55 pages. Maps. Illus. Bibl.

The first book-length account of the sultanate to be published since the July 1970 coup d'etat which shook the country out of its long isolation. Enhancing this highly readable and sympathetic account portraying modern Oman against its historical background are the more than forty full-page photos interspersed with the text; additional information is included in appendices on the country's geography, climate, population, petroleum development, foreign trade and balance of payments, the governmental structure, and three maps of the town of Musqat, the capital area of the sultanate and Oman as a whole.

Oman Since 1845: Disruptive Modernization in a Traditional Arab Society, x
by Robert Geran Landen. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press,
1967. xv + 488 pages. Maps. Illus. Bibl. Notes. Index.

An important interpretive study by an American scholar of the impact of modernizing influences on Oman from the mid-1800s until the discovery of oil in 1963. Based on extensive use of Omani chronicles and official archival sources, the work is organized around four themes: "Oman and the Old Order in the Persian Gulf," "The Impact of Early Economic and Technological Modernization," "The Consolidation of British Political Paramountcy in Oman and the Persian Gulf," and "Oman's Political Accommodation to a New Age."

The Persian Gulf, by R.M. Burrell. The Washington Papers, No. 1.
Washington, D.C.: Center for Strategic and International Studies,
Georgetown University, 1972. 81 pages. Map.

A brief but competent survey of the principal issues and disputes bearing on political stability and the prospects for peaceful change in the Gulf by a prolific British writer on the subject. Perhaps the most outstanding feature of this book is the author's ability to present succinctly, yet without undue generalization, some of the Gulf's more complex international and intraregional problems with important political and economic implications.

The Persian Gulf: Iran's Role, by Rouhollah K. Ramazani.

Charlottesville, Va.: University of Virginia Press, 1972. xiv + 157
pages. Appen. Map. Bibl. Index.

A concise and well-researched account of the development of Iranian interests in and policies toward the Gulf; appendices dealing with the resolution of the Iranian claim to Bahrayn and concerning the problem of Abu Musa Island and the two Tunbs Islands further enrich this work.

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The Political Elite of Iran, by Marvin Zonis. Princeton, N.J.:

Princeton University Press, 1971. xvi + 389 pages. Index.

A detailed description and analysis of many of the key actors in the Iranian political system by a University of Chicago political scientist fills an important gap in our knowledge of the background, recruitment, training and attitudes of important decision-makers within the government.

The Politics of Iran: Groups, Classes, and Modernization, by James
Alban Bill. Columbus, Ohio: Charles E. Merrill, 1972. ix + 156 pages
Illus. Bibl. Index.

A penetrating analysis of the interaction between interest groups and social classes and the impact that both forces have on the development of the country; a book that, within its carefully defined limits, may be regarded as a definitive work on the nature and modalities of political change in contemporary Iran.

The Politics of Stratification: A Study of Political Change in a South
Arabian Town, by Abdalla S. Bujra. New York: Oxford University
Press, 1971. xvi + 196 pages. Map. Illus. Bibl. Index.

A comprehensive study by a Kenyan anthropologist of the transformation of political attitudes and values in the Hadramawt region of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen. Based on extensive field work carried out during the 1960s, it is one of the few serious scholarly works on political change at the village level of any country in the Arabian Peninsula.

Power Play, The Tumultuous World of Middle East Oil: 1890-1973, by
Leonard Mosely. London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1973. 374 pages.

Bibl. refs. Index.

A lively and entertaining account of the development of the Middle Eastern oil industry by a well-known British author who has based his account largely on interviews with leading personalities in the oil companies and the oil-producing states.

Republican Iraq: A Study in Iraqi Politics Since the Revolution of 1958, by Majid Khadduri. London: Oxford University Press, 1970. xii + 318 pages. Index.

The best political study available on developments during the decade following the overthrow of the monarchy; based on the author's long familiarity with events in the country and his extensive interviews wit various dramatis personae among the Iraqi elite.

DS 361

Sons of Sinbad-An Account of Sailing with the Arabs in their Dhows, in the Red Sea, Around the Coasts of Arabia, and to Zanzihar and Tanganyika: Pearling in the Persian Gulf and the Life of the Shipmasters, the Mariners and Merchants of Kuwait, by Alan Villiers.

New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 1940 and 1969 xxvii + 391 pages.

Appen. Illus. Index.

Despite the passage of more than thirty years since it first appeared, this book remains the classic treatise on a way of maritime commercial life still engaged in by the thousands of Peninsula and Gulf citizens who work the waters from Kuwait east to Kharachi and the Malabar coast of India and from Abadan south around the Arabian coast to Aden, East Africa and ports as far away as Madagascar.

The Trucial States, by Donald Hawley. London: George Allen and Unwin, 1970 and New York: Humanities Press, 1971. 268 pages. Appen. Map. Illus. Bibl. Index.

Written by a British diplomat with long experience in the Lower Gulf and Oman, this book is an admirable introduction to the study of the seven shaykhdoms, formerly known as the Trucial States, which combined to form the United Arab Amirates. In addition to a detailed reconstruction of the historical development of these states into the early 1970s, there are important chapters on such topics as oil, economic development, the Buraymi dispute and the negotiations leading to the establishment of the federation in 1971; the appended material (comprising nearly a third of the book) provides still further information on various cultural, economic and social aspects of the societies examined and constitutes a contribution as important as the text.

The Trucial States: A Brief Economic Survey, by Kevin Fenelon.

2d ed. Beirut: Khayats, 1969.

A brief and easily readable survey of the economies of Abu Dhabi, Dubay, Ra's al-Khayma, Sharja, 'Ajman, Umm al-Qaywayn and Fujayra; based on the author's intimate acquaintance with developments in the area and on government reports and data gleaned from the 1968 census conducted by the Trucial States Council.

The United Arab Emirates: An Economic and Social Survey, by Kevin Fenelal London: Longman, 1973. 160 pages. Illus.

A sequel to the author's earlier volumes on the Trucial States, with a considerable body of illustrative material on developments since the achievement of independence in 1971.

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United States Interests in and Policy Toward the Persian Gulf.

Hearings of the Subcommittee on the Near East. Committee on
Foreign Affairs. House of Representatives. Washington, D.C.:

USGPO, 1972. x + 134 pages. Appen. Map. Illus.

Includes testimony by US government officials and representatives of petroleum industry. Also included are a statement by James E. Akins at the 8th Arab Oil Congress of June 1972 and articles by Dr. Ragaei El-Mallakh, Maj. John A. Berry, and Dr. John Duke Anthony.

The USSR and Arabia: The Development of Soviet Policies and Attitudes

Towards the Countries of the Arabian Peninsula, by Stephen Page.

London: Central Asian Research Center, 1971. 136 pages. Map.

Notes. Bibl. Index.

A seminal work on the historical evolution of the drives and aims behind Soviet policy in the Peninsula; by a Canadian political scientist who has utilized extensive original source material in Russian.

Welcome to Bahrain, by James H.D. Belgrave. 8th ed. Manama, Bahrain:
The Augustan Press, 1973. 165 pages. Map. Illus. Bibl. DS 247. 8284

The eighth edition of this book by the son of a former British political advisor to the Bahrayn government remains faithful to the format that distinguished its predecessors. Like these the book avoids a discussion of various problems confronting Bahrayni Society but is otherwise a very helpful guide for the traveler or foreign businessman visiting the Arab world's only island state; among the more useful chapters are those on "The Country," "The People," "The State," "Development," and "Commerce and Industry."

World Energy Demands and the Middle East. Proceedings of the 26th
Annual Conference. Washington, D.C.: The Middle East Institute,
1972. 2 Parts. 162 pages. Illus.

A collection of papers and addresses presented by specialists on the Middle East and energy-related problems from the academic, government, business, and financial communities. Includes the transcripts of addresses by Shaykh Ahmad Zaki Yemani, Saudi Arabian Minister of Petroleum, and Department of State's James E. Akins. Plenary sessions and special panels examined such topics as "Pressures of Energy Demands on Resources," "The Politics of Oil Demand and Supply," "The Prospects for Cooperation between Oil Producers, Marketers and Consumers: The Issue of Participation and After," "The Implications of Spiraling Energy Demands on the Future of the Middle East," "Preparing for Economic Diversification: Internal Political, Economic and Social Strategies," and "Oil Haves and Have Nots: Their Relative Developmental Positions and Relations between Them." Among the contributors are Alnasrawi, Bechtold, Dinsmore, Herter, Issawi, El Mallakh, Ottaway, Stauffer, Tannous, and Zonis.

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- "Bahrain: Foundations are Laid for an Oil-less Future." Middle East Economic Digest, Vol. 17, No. 11 (March 16, 1973), pp. 289-91.
- "Basic Data on the Economy of Kuwait." Overseas Business Report, (OBR 71-017) (July 1971), 11 pages.
- "Gulf States Oil Companies: Settlement of Financial Obligations of Companies Operating in Gulf States." International Legal Materials, Vol. 10, No. 2 (March 1971), pp. 240-55.
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- "A Jump of Centuries: A Survey of the Arabian Peninsula." Economist, Vol. 235, No. 6615 (July 6, 1970), pp. i-xxviii.
- "Kuwait: A Special Report." Middle East Economic Digest, Vol. 17, No. 13 (March 30, 1973), pp. 353-68.
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 Digest, Vol. 17, No. 4 (January 26, 1973), pp. 87-90.
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 (December 2, 1971), pp. 4-5.
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 Prospects for New Ventures in a Changed Market."

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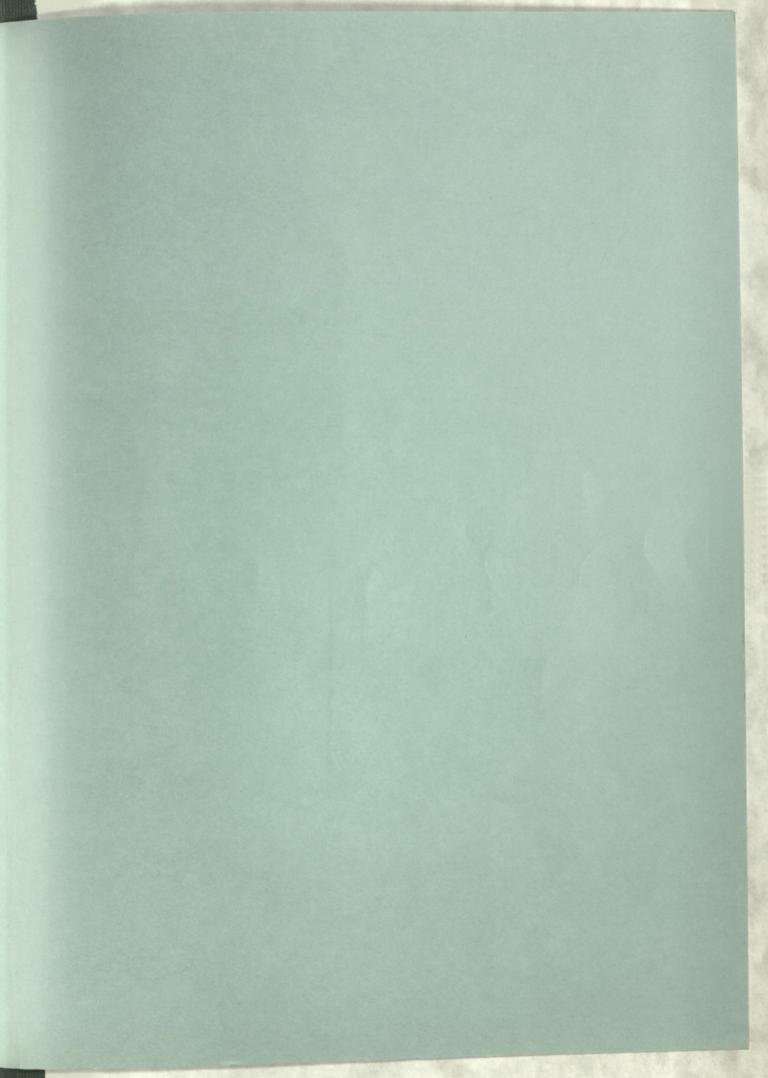
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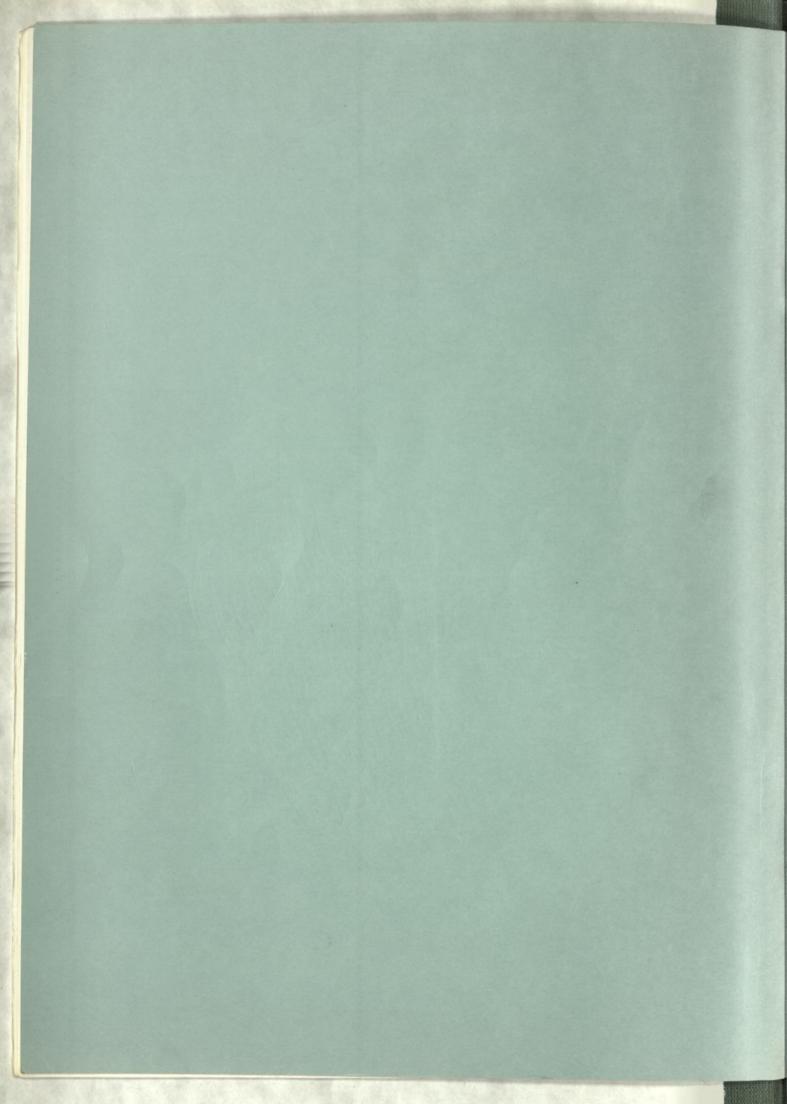
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